The Pittsburgh Gazette.

"PRODESSE CIVIBUS."

Vol. 33. PITTSBURGH, FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 14, 1818. New Series, No. 26.

PUBLISHED (EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY) BY
JOHN I. SCULL & MORGAN NEVILLE,
At Fourth Street, between Market and Wood Streets.

T. C. Lee and Reynolds,

RESPECTFULLY inform the public that they have commenced the

BAKING BUSINESS,

in Front street. in the house adjoining William Robinson Jr's. warehouse, where they hope from a knowledge of the business and strict attention, to merit a share of public patronage.

Pittsburgh, August 7, 1818.

To the Electors of Allegheny County.

FELLOW CITIZENS,

I OFFER myself as a candidate for the office of COMMISSIONER, at the ensuing general Election. Should I be elected, the public may rest assured that I will do my part of the duties required in that office.

JOHN FEARIS.

Pittsburgh, August 7, 1818.

STRAY COW.

STRAYED from the subscriber about the 22d July, a small red fresh milk COW, with a small star in her face, has some white on her belly and tail, both ears cropped. A reward of TWO dollars will be given if returned to

NANCY JONES,

near Torrence's Tavern, Coal Hill, St. Clair T.

August 7, 1818.

Bath House,

NEXT door to the Pittsburgh Steam Mill, is now in completeoperation.—Price of Bathing 25 cents. July 3.

Partnership.

THE subscribers have entered into partnership as *Booksellers and Stationers*, under the firm of EICHBAUM & JOHNSTON.

WILLIAM EICHBAUM,
SAMUEL R. JOHNSTON.

Pittsburgh, July 1, 1818.

Eichbaum & Johnston,

BOOKSELLERS, PRINTERS, AND STATIONERS,

WILL conduct their business in the house heretofore occupied as a bookstore by William Eichbaum, Jr. in Second, between Market and Wood streets—where they will be constantly supplied with a general assortment of

Books and Stationary,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

E. & J. have established a PRINTING OFFICE, entirely new, which will enable them to execute

Printing

in all its variety, with neatness and despatch. They have also a BINDERY, attached to their business.

Blank Books

of every description, bound and ruled to any given pattern, of good workmanship and best materials.

Battle of New Orleans.

Eichbaum & Johnston have just received a splendid ENGRAVING, representing the ever memorable Battle of New Orleans, fought the 8th of January, 1815.——Price $5.

Likewise, a large and handsome MAP, of the state of Louisiana, part of the state of Mississippi and Alabama Territory.—By Maxfield Ludlow—40 by 72 inches—Price $14 on rollers and coloured, or $10 plain.

Copartnership.

CROMWELL & DOBBIN inform their friends and the public, that they have associated with them Mr. ISAAC PEEBLES in the Commission Business, which will in future be transacted under the firm of *Cromwell, Dobbin & Peebles*, who offer their services in the usual way.

All those indebted to Cromwell & Dobbin in and about Pittsburgh, are requested to make payment immediately, or they may expect their accounts, notes, &c. lodged in the hands of the proper officers for collection.

Pittsburgh, July 15, 1818. 1aw3m

A Quantity

OF PRIME QUALITY KENTUCKY

BACON,

For Sale by ALLEN & GRANT.
Pittsburgh, July 24.

New Plane Manufactory.

SWETMAN, HUGHES & CO

Second between Market and Wood sts.

BEG leave to inform MERCHANT'S MECHANIC'S and others, that they have made extensive arrangements, by which they will be enabled to prosecute the above busines to advantage; and having wrought in the first manufactories of the nation, and within the last year or two executed all the work for Mr. Wm. Scott of this city, they will be able to execute any orders they may be favored with on more moderate terms and equal if not superior to any establishment of the kind in the Western country.

Liberal discounts made for prompt payment or acceptances in the city.

Pittsburgh, May 18, 1818.——

TWO BOYS, from 14 to 16 years of age, of respectable character and connexions, will be taken as apprentices to the above business.

BLANKS PRINTED AT THIS OFFICE.

R. Patterson and Lambdin,

HAVE RECEIVED THE LATEST PUBLICATIONS.

Adams' View of all Religions, 3 vols.
Pauldings' Letters from the South, 2 vols.
Wirts' Old Batchelor, 2 vols.
Byrons' 4th and last Canto of Child Harolds' Pilgrimage,
Fudge Family in Paris,
Women, or Pour et Contre, by the author of Bertram, 2 vols.
Birbecks' Notes on America,
Chalmers' Discourses,
Olive Branch, Tenth edition.

All the works of the author of Rob Roy.

Antiquary, 2 vols.—Guy Mannering, 2 vols.—Waverly, 2 vols—Tales of my Landlord.

A large and elegant French PRINT of the

Battle of New Orleans.

WITH A KEY;

executed in a very superior style.

Pittsburgh, July 21, 1818.

BUTTER.

THE Subscribers will exchange Merchandize, for merchantable BUTTER, in Kegs, at a fair price.

WM. & JOHN HILL.

Pittsburgh, July 15, 1818. 2awtf,

FOR SALE,

6 BARRELLS ROSIN,
27 Boxes Cod Fish,
8 Cases Mens' Fine and Coarse Shoes,
Just received and for Sale, by
I. DOANE.

Pittsburgh, July 16, 1818. 1m.

Property For Sale.

THE subscriber purposes to sell the FULLING MILL and LOT, now occupied by Robert M'Millan, on the waters of Mill creek, adjoining the lots of Hookstown, containing 22 acres and 47 perches. This mill is in a good situation for business, and has at present a large run of custom, the most part of the works is in new repair. Any person inclined to purchase said Fulling mill and lots, may know the terms by applying to the subscriber living near the premises. An indisputable title will be given, and possession may be had on the first day of October next.

GEORGE SCOTT.

Beaver county, July 14, 1818.

N. B. If the above premises are not sold before the first day of September next, it will then be to rent.

ORMSBY AND DOANE,

HAVE FOR SALE

100 bls. Prime N. O. Sugar,
150 kegs Tobacco,
2 bales Prime Cotton;
JUNIATA IRON,
PLOUGH PLATES.

A handsome assortment of Fresh Castings, &c.

June 12, 1818.

FOR SALE,

THAT highly improved property at the corner of Smithfield and Third streets—fronting on Smithfield street 45 feet, and running 60 feet on Third street to a 10 foot alley—subject to a yearly ground rent of $2 25 per front foot, on which is erected one

THREE STORY BRICK HOUSE,

22 feet 6 inches front by 38 feet deep (in part finished) the lower floor designed for a *store room* With a frame

WARE-HOUSE

16 feet front on Third street by 45 feet deep and three stories high—both built within two years in modern style and of the best materials; situated at the great horoughfare from east to west across the Monogahela Bridge and within 600 feet of the abutment.

Persons desirous of securing a permanent stand for business will find the above well worthy their earliest attention. The payments will be made easy to the purchaser.

Apply to the subscriber on the premises.

JOHN W. TREMBLY.

Pittsburgh, March 6, 1818.——1eowtf

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of JANUARY, WINANS & JANUARY, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; those indebted to said firm are requested to make payment to *Samuel January, Senr. & Co.* by whom the Storage and Commission business will be transacted in future.

Those having claims against said firm will apply as above.

SAMUEL JANUARY, *Senr.*
MATTHIAS WINANS,
SAMUEL A. JANUARY.

Maysville, April 18, 1818.——tf

Cut Tacks and Sprigs.

Ormsby and Doane,

HAVE for sale, *Cut Tacks and Sprigs, of all sizes*, from the Abington Factory, (Massachusetts) and being appointed agents for the sale of those articles, offer them at the manufacturing prices with the addition of carriage and charges.

Orders for Tacks and Sprigs will be received and attended to.

Pittsburgh, June 23. tf

Allen & Grant,

HAVE MADE A TEMPORARY

REMOVAL

TO THE WARE HOUSE LATELY OCCUPIED BY
Messrs. FOSTER & DOANE

Pittsburgh, March 31, 1818.——t

Teams Wanted.

WANTED, a number of Teams to haul Iron from the Juniata Iron Works to Pittsburgh, for which 70 dollars per ton carriage will be given —Apply at the *Rolling Mill.*

Pittsburgh, June 11, 1818.

Copper & Tin Warehouse.

WILLIAM KEPNER,

CORNER OF MARKET AND FRONT STREETS, PITTSBURGH,

Has now on hand, and intends keeping a general assortment of

STILLS,

Tin Ware,

FULLERS KETTLES, | WASH KETTLES
HATTERS DITTO, | BRASS DITTO.

JAPANNED WARE.

Which he will dispose of on reasonable Terms for cash, or approved paper.

☞ Orders from a distance will be punctually attended to, and put up on short notice.

Pittsburgh, December 24, 1817.——Ttf

NEW GOODS.

Abishai Way and Co.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED AT THEIR

Wholesale and Retail Store, in Market, between Third and Fourth streets, a large assortment of

Seasonable & Fancy Goods.

To Sheppard's extra superfine CLOTHS,
Fine cloths and cassimeres,
Furniture chintzes, calicoes and ginghams,
Seersuckers and bombazetts, assorted colors,
India book and mull muslin,
6-4 British and imitation ditto ditto,
4-4 tambored, mull and jaconetts,
5-4 Irish sheeting, and 4-4 Irish linnens.
8-4 and 10-4 Irish table linen,
Long Yellow mamee chop nankeens,
Short ditto and blue ditto
Worsted and cotton fringe,
Cambric and India muslins,
Fine white gauze flannel,
Black galoons, pelongs rantshaws,
Canton crapes, various colours,
Canton crape shawls, ditto,
Merino shawls and handkerchiefs,
Canton camblet and rich sattins,
Irish poplines and bombazine,
Levantine and Florence silks,
5-4 Indian Taffeties, do. plain colours,
India, Mantua and lutstring silks,
Fancy silk stripe and Florentine vesting,
Kid, York tan and beaver gloves,
Thread laces and edgings;
Shell, mock shell and horn combs,
Silk umbrellas and parasols,
Domestic plaids, stripes and shirtings,
Superior wire thread, sewing cottons.

Women's and Children's Morocco and Leather Shoes.

LEGHORN & STRAW BONNETS.

FASHIONABLE RIBBONS.

Which they offer wholesale *and* retail, *at reduced prices.*——*ALSO,*

Queensware, in crates assorted,
Flaxseed Oil, by the barrell.

Wanted to purchase,

100 BARRELS OF FLOUR.
100 BARRELS OF WHISKEY.

Country Linnen, Flax, and Twilled Bags, taken as payment for Merchandize.

Pittsburgh, May 15, 1818. 2aw2m.

Dupont's Brandywine POWDER.

THE subscribers having been appointed by Messrs. Dupont's agents for the western country, they will always have a regular supply of this Powder, and are enabled to sell it at cost and charges.

BOSLER & CO.

Who have received a quantity of

Prime Feathers.

May 19, 1818. tf

BUTLER & LAMBDIN,

Continue their

Book and Job PRINTING OFFICE,

Where will be printed with the utmost despatch

BOOKS, MAGAZINES AND PAMPHLETS.

Mercantile Blanks;

SUCH AS

Cheeks, Receipts, Bills of lading, Bills of parcels, Due-bills, &c.

Law Blanks.

Judgements and common Bonds, Deeds, Leases, Declarations, Protests, &c.

Magistrates' & Aldermans' Blanks.

ummons's, Scieri Facias, Commitments, Indentures, Warrants, Executions, Rules of Refference &c. for the city and counties.

HAND-BILLS, CIRCULARS, ADVERTISEMENTS, CARDS,

Together with every other description of Book and Job Printing.

Pittsburgh, June 12.

To the Independent Electors of Allegheny County.

Fellow Citizens,

I BEG leave to offer myself a Candidate for the Office of COUNTY COMMISSIONER, at the ensuing General Election. Should I be elected, the public at large may rest assured of my paying strict attention to the duties of the Office, and of preventing as far as lies in me power, any useless expenditure of the public money, either for new Jail, Court House or Penetentiary.

ROBERT MAGEE.

Just Received,

An additional assortment of the following articles:

SPRING caught Shad, trimmed
Do. do. Herrings
Imported, lump and country Sugar
Best quality fresh young hyson Tea
A few barrels good old country Gin
do. do. do. Whiskey
Kenhawa Salt, and Kentucky Tobacco
Bed Cords, Lacings, Fishing Lines, &c.
Powder, Shot and Lead
Philadelphia Starch and bottled Mustard
Leiper's Philadelphia Scotch and Rappee Snuff
An invoice of ivory and horn Combs, and fancy Buttons, assorted
300 twilled Bags, and Country Produce generally.

AND

A seasonable addition to his DRY GOODS, GROCERIES and HARDWARE, comprising a complete assortment.

ALSO,

Will be constantly kept on hand, from the manufactory of Bakewell, Page & Bakewell, a good assortment of

Common Flint and White Glass,

consisting of Decanturs, Tumblers, Wine Glasses, Salt Stands, Cream Mugs, &c.—*And*

Window Glass and Green Glass Ware,

consisting of Bottles, Flasks, &c. from the best factories.

ISAAC HARRIS, *Diamond.*

Pittsburgh, July 6, 1818. 3tT.

Miller and Wilson,

At their Store in Wood between Front and Water Streets,

HAVE FOR SALE,

JUNIATA BAR IRON, Rolled ditto,
Nail and Deck Rods,
Crowley & Blister Steel,
Sprigs, hinges & screws,
Spinning-wheel Irons,
Trace and Log chains,
Patent beams and Steelyards,
Axes, hoes, shovels and Spades,
Shingling hatchets, and claw-hammers,
Scythes and sickles,
Drawing-knives & Gridirons,
Ladles, skimmers, and flesh-forks,
Carpenter's adze',
Plough Irons,
Cow-bells,
Castings, assorted,
Pittsburgh & Kentucky Manufac. Tobacco,
Spanish and country Segars,
Rappee & Scotch Snuff,
Rosin soap and candles,
Powder, Shot and Lead,
Earthen & Queensware,
Whiskey, Gin and Cherry-bounce,
Allspice, pepper & nutmegs,
Copperas, rosin, indigo,
Cheese, bacon and Venison hams,
Mackarel, shad and Herring,
Bed cords and Plough lines,
Rigging, fishing, chalk lines, etc. etc.

Tea, Coffee, Lump and N. O. Sugar.

Cut and Hammer'd Nails,

Coffee mills, Window glass,
Curry combs, Screw augers.

Pittsburgh, February 28, 1818.——1awtfc.

When I relinquished the publication of the PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, on the 1st of August, 1816, a considerable sum was due for subscription, advertisements, &c. Since that time I have sedulously endeavoured to collect the debts, without having recourse to law, but my indulgence has been treated with neglect.—I now give notice, that in one month from this date, I will take the most summary way to collect all debts due to me.

JOHN SCULL.

Pittsburgh, July 10, 1818.

N. B. I expect those persons whose due-bills I hold, will pay attention to this notice.

BOSLER & CO.

Have just received and offer for Sale on moderate terms, an extensive assortment of

IRONWARE & GROCERIES,

SUCH AS,

WALDRON'S prime corn and grass scythes,
Mouse-hole anvils,
German scythes,
Straw knives,
Bright and black vices,
Whetstones,
English, Crowley, and blister steel,
Country blister, German, Swedish & cast steel,
6d, 8d, and 10d wrought nails,
Shovels, spades, kitchen shovels, tongs and pokers,
American sheet iron single, double, and treble,
Spinning wheel irons,
Ketland gun locks,
Iron and brass top coffee mills,
Handsaws,
Frying pans,
Patent tea-kettles,
Red screws,
Wood screws,
Bench vices,
Knives,
Butt hinges,
Files,

COFFEE in bags and barrels.

LOAF AND LUMP SUGAR

Young Hyson and Gunpowder Teas in small boxes.

Chocolate,
Muscatel raisins,
Pepper,
Ginger,
Mustard,
Figs in drums and boxes

WINDSOR, PALM AND VARIEGATED SOAP IN SMALL BOXES.

TANNERS AND LINSEED OIL.

SPANISH CIGARS, & PIPES by the box.

QUEENSWARE in small crates, well assorted for country stores.

Also, always for Sale,

Castings of every description.

Plough Irons, Axes, Scale Beams, and all kinds of Edge Tools and Iron Ware.

Juniata barr iron,
Pig, barr, & sheet lead,
Shot,
Cut nails of all sizes,
Still cocks,
Mounting,
Copper rivits.

WINDOW, GREEN AND FLINT GLASS assorted in boxes.

Rosin soap,
Copperas,
Writing paper,
Bonnet & Fullers boards,

They continue to keep a

Commission Warehouse,

for storing, forwarding, purchasing and selling all kinds of *Produce* and *Merchandize.*

Pittsburgh, March 28, 1818. 1awtf

Copper & Tin Ware.

THE subscribers respectfully inform merchants distillers, and others wanting articles in their line, that they will supply them with Ware of their own manufacture, equal to any made in the city and on as good terms.

All orders left with them shall be faithfully attended to.

ROBERT & JOHN TOWN.

Pittsburgh, July 3d, 1818—3w2aw.

The most VALUABLE PROPERTY on the West side of the Mountains offered

FOR SALE.

Plumpsock Iron Works.

WITH about 350 acres of land belonging thereto, will be offered for sale by public vendue, if not previously sold at private sale, on Tuesday, the 18th day of August next, at the Court House, in the the borough of Uniontown. This establishment consists of a forge, rolling mill, grist and saw mills. Also, a large brick dwelling house, furnished in a handsome style, with many other dwellings for the accommodation of workmen, and extensive stabling. It is situate in Fayette county, state of Pennsylvania, in the midst of a highly cultivated country on the state road, nine miles east of Brownsville, on the Monongahela river, and the like distance of Connellsville on the Youghiogheny river, five miles northwest of Uniontown, and thirty nine from the city of Pittsburgh. Bar iron is made in this forge by rolling instead of hammering, of a superior quality. Stone coal is the only fuel used in making it, an inexhaustible pit of which is within one hundred yards of the forge. Three men with a horse and cart are sufficient to raise, coke and haul to the forge all the coal necessary for keeping the works in full operation. They are in good order, the machinery almost new. This property is perhaps the most valuable of its kind in the United States, and by suitable attention, it is believed, may be made the most profitable in its operations.

There will be sold also, at the same time and place, the following

HOUSES AND LOTS,

situate in the borough of Union, to wit:

1. The corner house and lot of ground situate on the north side of Elbow street, immediately east of the Court House, No. 20, being the most eligible as well as the most valuable lot of ground in town.

2. That large House and lot of ground No. 3 and part of the adjoining lot, on the west or the north side of Elbow street, in the occupancy of Cuthbert Wiggins as a tavern stand, fronting on said street about one hundred and thirteen feet.

To be sold by

ISAAC MEASON, and
DAN'L. ROGERS,
Ex'rs of Isaac Meason, Esq. dec'd.

May26th 1818.

Fresh Spring Goods.

FRANCIS M'BEAIN.

INFORMS his customers and the public in general, that he has removed his store from the corner of Second and Ferry streets, to the store lately occupied by Messrs. Doran, M'Cabe & Co. corner of Fourth and Market streets; where he is now opening

A *very large and general assortment of*

GOODS,

OF THE FOLLOWING DESCRIPTION:

BROAD CLOTHS;

Blue, Black, Brown, mixed, drab, and superfine

CASSIMERES;

Blue, black, brown, drab and mixed Coburgh; velveteens and cords; Marseilles vesting; mock ditto, silk and striped ditto, swansdown ditto; domestic plaids, stripes, shirtings, and chambrays; platillas and brown holland; 4-4 and 6-4 ginghams, silk, striped ditto; dress and undress calicoes; rich furniture ditto; bombazetts, all colors and qualities; British and India mull muslins; jaconet and cambric ditto; lenos, plain, figured, ribbed, veined, seeded and spotted; patent net muslins; 4-4 and 6-4 cotton checks; linnen ditto; blue and yellow nankeens; Irish linnens; cravats, barred, seeded and striped; ladies' silk, cotton and worsted hose; men's half do.; black and colored silk handkerchiefs; French and Canton crapes; Damask, Levantine, fancy and imitation shawls; plain and figured ribbons; dress silks; linnen cambrics; silk and kid gloves; chenille cords; hat bands and beads, galloons; ladies purses, with and without clasps.

A large assortment of

Silk, Satin, Leghorn and Straw Bonnets,

Ladies' Kid and Morrocco shoes,
Mens' coarse and fine do.

HARDWARE.

Waldron's grass and cradle SCYTHES and SICKLES:

Table knives and forks; one and two bladed pocket knives; buchers' knives and steels; razors, sheep shears, scissors, two foot rules, gun flints, fish hooks, lead pencils, spectacles and cases, button rings, hooks and eyes, pearl mould coat and vest buttons, iron tea spoons, table do polished steel snuffers, cork screws, brass locks, butt hinges, handsaws, German and cast steel, steelyards, curry combs, German scythe stones, Crumb creek ditto, blister steel, Millington do. with many articles too tedious to mention.

A large and general assortment of

QUEENSWARE, CHINA, &c. &c.

GROCERIES.

Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Pepper, Allspice, Ginger, Cloves, Cinnamon,

Country & imported Sugar.

Pittsburgh, May 9, 1818.——3t

N. B. F. M'BEAIN, wishes to inform is country customers, that he has opened a STORE in Frankford, Beaver county, Hanover township, 26 miles from Pittsburgh, on the road between Georgetown and the Cross Roads; where he intends to keep a complete assortment of the above articles.

PITTSBURGH.

Friday Morning, Aug. 14.

FOR THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

THE ANONYMOUS.

No. II.

"Impotent of mind, she roves the city round:
Less wild the Bacchanalian dames appear,
When from afar their nightly gods they hear,
And howl about the hills, and shake the wreathy spear."

ÆNEIS.

IT is a maxim of Rochfoucaut, that "we bear the misfortunes of others with great magnanimity." Now, although I would not for the universe become a convert to that wily sceptic's revolting protraiture of human nature, than which I would rather, if conviction were probable, submit to the loss of sight, hearing and every other sense; yet, I am sorry to confess, that the hourly complaints of the disappointed, and the revenge which they too evidently take in their turn; render it, I fear, impossible to deny, that, too generally, the acute sensibility with which we shrink, like the trembling mimosa, from the slightest touch of self-disappointment, is at least equalled by the magnanimity, the stoical fortitude with which we bear the misfortunes of others. For myself I am ready to admit, that the ocean of tears poured forth by Alexander the Great, because he had no more worlds to conquer, never elicited from me one sympathetic tear; on the contrary, as I never could avoid the ridiculous association of the blubbering of the boy because he had ate his cake, I have been ready to burst with restrained laughter, whilst others have been, or affected to be, lost in admiration and wonderment at the overflowing of the mighty soul of this magnificent cut throat. I am even amused at the passionate ebulitions of the child who grasps in vain at the fleeting gossamer, or the beau the lighter, less tangible coquette, that leads him like an ignis fatuus, into the quick sands of folly and despair: the silly urchin who pursues the glittering soap bubble; or the soldier of fortune "the bubble reputation even at the cannon's mouth,"—both, it is true, "dazzle the eye and bewilder the brain," but burst at the touch of scrutiny: the lamentations of the miser for the loss of his ill acquired gains; or the disappointed hopes of the aspiring demagogue, for the accomplishment of which he had sacrificed every patriotic, every honourable feeling—if he ever possessed either: the impotent manœvres of ill nature; or the self inflicted wounds of envy and uncharitableness.—All then; and many others assimilating I can bear with magnanimity, because I am very sure they can only be the miseries of others. But there is one misfortune that touches me to the quick, that requires all my fortitude, stoicism and magnanimity to bear, though less my own than others. It is, most curious reader, that after all my laborious research, and the evidence of your laudable, in other words female curiosity, the situation of the "slang-whanging village of Tittle-tattle, cannot be ascertained; not a single soul will admit themselves to be descended from the Gadabouts or Rumours in the hundredth degree; so that like the birth place of the immortal Homer, disputed by seven cities, and seventeen thousand sapient antiquarians, for nearly three thousand years, it must continue a bone of contention to the end of time to future historians and antiquarians. I cannot help laughing in my sleeve, and as the heat has obliged me to throw off my coat, I have elbow room to enjoy it, at the ponderous tomes which will be written pro and con, upon this equally interesting subject, in high Dutch and low Dutch, and every language under the sun, save that of reason and decorum, if it is managed as controversies usually are; I should like very much to know if Dan Homer had the same pleasure in anticipation. Indeed I have sometimes been inclined to attribute this uncertainty to a trick of his to acquire celebrity. Either that he never was born, as Will Shakespeare says of Macduff; or that if he did come into the world like common people, he purposely destroyed the Parish Register of his birth; perhaps for a very good reason, and to leave his future biographer at liberty to palm him upon the credulous, as the son of Ammon, Mars, the great Mogul, Bonaparte, or any other blusterer ycleped a hero who might be the fashion of the day, & thus has many a ponderous headed Dominie Sampson, utterly incapable of estimating his sublime writings, laboured and wrangled through a dozen quartos to prove—what? simply that he was a great fool for his pains. But even if it could be proved, would it be just to allowe ither of those vile Beotian cities who, indignant reader, suffered that immortal bard to wander sightless in poverty and neglect whilst living; now, because it can cost them nothing but a stock of presumption, of which those who are notorious misers in other respects, are often most lavish, to claim the birth place of that

"Mighty master of the living lyre,"

for whom the great globe itself was too contracted, who shall live until that globe "like the baseless fabric of a vision shall dissolve," and although a heathen, I sincerely hope for ever after, "unhurt amidst the war of elements, the wreck of matter and the crush of worlds?" Truly, reader, the mere birth place of that great bard is of no more consequence, than the geographical situation of Tittle-tattle; the genius of both pervades the whole universe—and this happily brings me back to my subject, which I had almost despaired of ever recovering.

If from the mere circumstance of my being unable to give the precise latitude and longitude of Tittle-tattle, any are so sceptical as to believe that no such place ever existed, I would remind them that Babylon, and Nineveh, once great and powerful cities, are prostrated in the dust, or covered with the stagnant pool, so that the Antiquarian labours in vain to discover the scite of those sinful, devoted cities.

Nor would the impossibility of discovering, after the lapse of an hundred years, any vestige of the village of Tittle-tattle by any means prove the improbability of its former existence; on the contrary, any person of the slightest experience must be convinced, that two such persons as Gadabout and Rumour, are capable of infusing in the minds of a much larger community, suspicions and jealousies so rank, antipathies so deadly, hatred, so unrelenting, and passions so headstrong and furious, as in the general explosion to "bring the very houses about their ears," which in the fury of their contests they may have ground into dust under their feet, and then in the crisis of their rage, like Duncans horses "devoured each other."

BARBARIAN CAPTIVITY.

An intimation was given in the French papers, shortly after Lord Exmouth's attack on Algiers, that a Frenchman, who had been in captivity 34 years with the Barbarians, was one of the Christian slaves delivered up to that officer agreeably to the treaty of submission then entered into by the Algerines. This unfortunate being, when restored to his friends, was quite ignorant of the events of the French revolution, and the convulsions of Europe for the last twenty-five years, which grew out of it. This, we doubt not, is one of the rarest instances of liberation on record, and we are glad to have this opportunity (through the kind industry of a friend) of laying the particulars before the American public. We beg the reader to excuse any stiffness in the style which may be met with, owing to the literal translation that has been attempted: the extraordinary facts set down may perhaps compensate for the defect.

TRANSLATED FROM THE FRENCH.

For the City of Washington Gazette.

An authentic relation of the dreadful tortures which a poor Frenchman (Peter Dumon) suffered in Africa, during a slavery of 34 years.

In the year 1782, being fourteen years old, I left Paris, my native city, to follow, as a servant, le chevalier de Fernay. We embarked at Brest, on board of H. M's ship, le duc de Bourgogne, which was sent to America. A few days after our arrival at Rhode Island, where M. de Fernay died suddenly, I went to St. Christophe; from thence to Gibraltar, and from Gibraltar to St. Prochk, where I was employed in Monsieur count D'Artois's equipages. I started with M. Montmercy, who had received an order to join the French squadron, then blockading Mahon. We embarked on board of his majesty's brig, le Lievre, of 14 guns, and after a stormy passage we were shipwrecked on the coast of Africa, between Oran and Algiers. The crew of the brig consisted of 140 men, half of whom were drowned, and the other half massacred, by the Arabians of the Coubaly tribe, eighteen excepted, (among whom I was one,) who had presence of mind enough to hide until day. Arabians don't allow themselves to kill in open day any one who declares himself their slave. As soon as the Arabians perceived us, they seized us, and we were compelled to walk with them six nights, (they never travel in day time,) till we arrived at Shisly's mountain, which is inhabited by Arabians of the Coubaly tribe, and which is the residence of their Cheyk. His house is situated upon a hill; it is the only one in the whole country; the other Arabians encamp under tents. After we were presented to the Cheyk, whose name was Schyd Solyman who has an unlimited power over all the individuals whom the tribe consisted of, we were chained two by two, and during 28 years, consequently I have been condemned to support night and day with my miserable fellow chain-mate, the weight of fetters which made us inseparable.

Every morning at 4 o'clock, the slaves were taken out to work; sometimes at the mines, sometimes at clearing the mountain, or cutting down timber, or ploughing the ground. We were bound to work until twilight, and we had not any other rest but to smoke during a quarter of an hour, some tobacco we could pick up in the fields by the way. In the morning when we were getting out of the Bague, (that is a large and dark-prison, where four thousand men who were confined, had for beds, only a little straw which they could bring along with them, where never penetrated a ray of the sun, or any light whatever!) We each received two rolls, which were black, tough, and very often mouldy, and some rotten olives; this was our only meal every day. We had but once in the whole year (the day of the circumcision of the children of the tribe) a small piece of meat, and a little broth. If any one of us, harassed with fatigue and hunger, discontinued working a few moments, the chief guardian threshed him unmercifully. In short, so miserable was our fate, that (not one day excepted) two or three were found who had killed themselves. I remained 28 years in this dreadful situation; my life was constantly uniform; I am going to give the recital of the only incident which happened to me during the whole of that time.

A Marabon, (so they call a Turkish Monk) who was travelling through the country where we lived, gave us in alms 30 sequins, (about 200 fr.) our chief guardian wanted to get his part of it. I was the only one who refused giving him any thing. Filled with indignation on account of my refusal, he treated me in the most cruel manner. Every morning, when I was getting out of the Bagne, he overwhelmed me with injuries and blows. Tired of such a life, I resolved to put an end to it by taking vengeance on my persecutor, whom I determined to kill at the first blow he would give me. I did not wait a long time for the opportunity of executing my purpose; the next day when I was going to work, he came to me and began to strike me; I went back, and having seized a large stone, I threw it against his face, and beat the right eye out of his head. I was instantly surrounded by Arabians, who tied me to a mule; and after having been threshed in a dreadful way, I was brought before the cheyk. I happily had learnt to speak Arabic, and I was able to explain to the cheyk the motives of my conduct. I made him perceive the cruel proceedings of the guardian towards me; the cheyk, penetrated with the justice of my remonstrances, condemned him to be hanged; then, addressing himself to me, which hand of yours, said he, has struck your enemy? He has infringed on the Coran laws, and has suffered his punishment; now you must suffer yours. As I foresaw the chastisement I was reserved for, I answered, I had thrown the stone with my left hand, in order to save the right. He then ordered the hand which had committed the crime, to be tied to a plank, and struck till the skin and flesh were taken off, which was executed immediately, in the most cruel manner. After I had suffered this dreadful torture, without being allowed to dress my wound, I was compelled that very day to move round a mill-stone, which I was condemned to do a whole year.

The Cheyk of the Coobaly tribe was always at war with the other tribes; and when he was forced to march his troops against them, he took along with him one hundred slaves to pitch the tents, to load and unload camels, and generally for the most tiresome and painful duty.

I remained 28 years amongst these Barbarians until the Bey of Titre, who was tributary to the Dey of Algiers, after some negociations entered into with the Cheyk, had us conveyed into the country under his jurisdiction: we were then only five hundred in number; and walked eight days to get to Titre, where we remained about five months.

The Bey sold us to the Regency of Algiers for a sum of money which was deducted from what he was bound to pay for his annual tribute. After the bargain was concluded, we set out, and arrived, after four nights' journey, at Algiers, where I remained a slave about six years.

I was liberated in the glorious expedition under Lord Exmouth, to whom I owe my restoration to my country, after a slavery of 34 years!

NEW-YORK, August 3.

Captain Holdridge, of the ship Bellona, who arrived this morning in 58 days from Havre de Grace, informs us, that on the 6th of June, while off Lahave, he discovered a man on board, who had secreted himself for the purpose of securing a passage to America. It was understood that he was a native of Flanders, and that he had his father's permission to come to this country. He had previously attempted to get off in the Gen. Hamilton; but on her touching at Cowes, he was discovered and sent back. When he was informed that he must leave the Bellona, a boat having been hailed to convey him to the shore, he proceeded to the bow of the ship, deliberately drew a pistol, shot himself, and fell overboard.

The Sea Serpent, is stated in the Salem Gazette and Register, was seen on Saturday se'night, at the mouth of Gloucester harbour, by a Mr. William Sargent, and others, who were out on a fishing party. The Serpent passed within an oar's length of the boat; his motion through the water was slow and deliberate; and Mr. Sargent counted 32 protuberances on his back, and estimated his length at upwards of 100 feet. His body appeared as large as a lime cask, his colour a dark brown, his scales as large as a man's hat, his protuberances as large as a 12 gallon keg, and the barnacles on his body about 4 inches long.

Later advices from Gloucester, as given in the Boston Daily Advertiser, announce, that, on Thursday last, "an attack was made on the Sea Serpent with harpoons. Capt. Webber and others in a boat succeeded in hitting him twice, but owing to the thickness of his scales or coat, the harpoon did not penetrate; on one occasion the Serpent ran down for the boat, and when within a short distance sunk, so near, that the draught caused by his sinking came near drawing the boat under after him."

The famous Cleopatra's Barge, belonging to the estate of Captain George Crowningshield, deceased, was sold at auction on Monday last, at 15,000 dollars. The extra furnitnre, valued at 7 or 8000 dollars, was not included in the sale. The purchaser was Captain Richard Crowningshield, brother of the deceased. Half of the privateer ship America belonging to the same estate, was sold at 4000 dollars.

From the Boston Gazette.

MESSRS. EDITORS,

Every person you hear speak of Gen. Dearborn's "account of the battle of Bunker Hill," immediately asks "what were Gen. Dearborn's *motives* in traducing Gen. Putnam's character." Instead of a direct answer, in the true Yankee style, I wish to ask one question myself; it may have a tendency to solve the mystery, by showing that the smart of the lash is felt some time after the blow is given. When Capt. Dearborn left his "full company of men" in the heat of the action, and went into the *rear*, "to search the dead and the wounded for ammunition, and walked to the locust tree where he saw Gen. Warren dead," did he not find Gen. Putnam *alive*, and receive a reprimand from him for *leaving* his *post* at this *critical juncture*, and thereby endangering the whole Army, by this strange and "unaccountable" desertion of his men?

NATCHES, July 9.

Through the politeness of Dr. J. H. Robinson we are enabled to lay before our readers the following extract of a letter from Dr. John Sibley, dated

NATCHITOCHES, June 1818.

"A trader has lately arrived from the Camanches and reports that that nation has lately taken 2000 souls as prisoners from the Province of Texas, and that they are disposed and do even sell them for the same price at which mules sell in their nation.

"I have lately understood that two vessels had arrived at Galveztown with three or four hundred African Slaves, all of which are intended for Louisiana and the State of Mississippi. Gen. Lalemande and his party remain as they were, near the mouth of the Trinity river, erecting forts; some reinforcements are joining them, principally Europeans."

To the Editors of Newspapers all over the Globe.

☞ About four years ago, two destitute Orphan Boys, WILLIAM DONOVAN and JAMES DONOVAN, the former about twenty one, and the latter about eighteen years of age, sons of *William Donovan*, then of Trinity-place, in the City of Dublin, in Ireland, Goldsmith, quit their father's residence, and went beyond seas. It is imagined the former departed to the United States of North America, and the latter to the East Indies. They took no property whatever with them, and if alive, it is apprehended they may be enduring great hardships and privations in foreign lands. These boys together with their sisters, Mary Ann and Margaret Donovan, have been lately bequeathed a considerable personal property, amounting, as at present ascertained, to about fourteen or fifteen hundred pounds each, by will of their late uncle, Kingsmill Davan, Esq. This money is at present in the hands of these young ladies, and this public notice is given, in the expectation, that the humanity of the Editors of Newspapers, in the East Indies, America and other parts of the world, may by transcribing the same, give notice to those poor destitute boys of the competency that awaits them upon their return to their native land. Any information respecting them will be thankfully received by their solicitor,

Mr. William Hope, No. 50, Dawson street, Dublin.

N. B. Those two boys were born in the city of Philadelphia.

Kerr and Rahm,

Front, between Market and Wood streets,
PITTSBURGH,

Have just received a handsome supply of

UPDEGRAFFS'

PAPER, assorted as follows,

No. 1, 2, & 3 Cap. Royal Printing. No. 4 Medium ditto, | Post Paper, Tea Paper, Cap Wrapping do. Medium wrapping ditto.

They have also on hand, and intend keeping a constant supply of

Juniata Bar Iron,

4, 6, 8, and 10 cut Nails,
Assorted Roll'd Iron,
7-9 and 8-10 Window Glass,
HOLLOW GLASS,
Patent Draft Chains,
Shovels, Axes, Plough Irons,
A few chests Young Hyson Tea,
Spanish and country Segars,
KENTUCKY TOBACCO.

All of which they offer for sale, on accommodating terms.
July 3.

To Tanners, Distillers, & Farmers.

THE subscriber assignee of JARED OLD's PATENT IRON MILL for Grinding Bark, Corn and Cobb, &c. for the States of Ohio, Kentucky and Tennessee, informs the public that they are made and kept for sale by Mr. George Sutton who is sole agent in Pittsburgh to sell Mills in those states, their utility in grinding bark is well known and established to be the best in use. To Distillers they answer a valuable purpose to shell corn and grind the cobb, and by distilling the cobb it is found to make a saving of about one fifth of this method.—To Farmers, to grind feed for cattle, the mill will crack nearly all the corn and grind the cobb quite fine.—There are now a considerable number of those mills in use for that purpose, and are highly approved of—Distillers and Farmers in the above states are solicited to make trial of them.—I will warrant them to answer the purpose as described.

Orders for mills will be attended to by Mr. George Sutton, where they can only be had in Pittsburgh, and will be by him forwarded.

For the information of the public I give this

NOTICE.

That all mills, sold in the above states by agents of Luther Gale, is an infringement on my right, nor has there any of Gales's mills been sold or used in the western country for grinding bark to my knowledge. Jared Olds' improvement consists of an Iron hopper cast solid on the cylinder or tube and cogs or sharp pointed teeth placed in rows on the inside of the mill. I therefore forbid all persons from making, using or selling mills of the above description in Ohio, Kentucky and Tennessee, without authority from myself or Alvin Bates and our agents, as all persons found violating said patent, may rest assured that sooner or later they will pay us for our rights if there is law and justice to recover it

DYER PEARL.

May 1, 1818.——lawtfcG.S.

Drug Establishment
FOR SALE.

THE precarious state of my health determines me to offer my DRUG ESTABLISHMENT for sale: or I would form a partnership in that line with a man who is qualified and willing to take charge of such an establishment.—The whole of my stock has been purchased within the last 14 months and comprizes a general assortment.

Communications, post paid, will be promptly attended to.

D. WILSON.

Louisville, June 26.

Justus Smith
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
(Cincinnati,)

HAS taken a large and convenient STORE AND WARE-HOUSE, eligibly situated on the bank of the Ohio, on Front street, above the Steam mill, for the purpose of transacting

Commission Business;

where he is ready to receive goods on STORAGE or for sale on Consignment. He will attend to the Collection of debts, forwarding goods to persons residing at a distance—and business in general in that line.

Cash advanced on Consignments.

REFERENCES.

Jesse Reed, esq.
John F. Keys, esq.
Thos. L. Paine, esq.
Messrs. Clute & Co. } *Cincinnati.*
Messrs. Cromwell and Dobbin,
Messrs. D. and J. Clute. } *Pittsburgh.*

February 24, 1818.——6m

Valuable Lands for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale the following very valuable Tracts of Land situated in Beaver county, North-Sewickly township, state of Pennsylvania, in Leets' district of depreciation lands: viz.

No. 190—216 acres or thereabouts, with allowance—On which tract is erected a good frame dwelling house, a barn, and other out houses, with about 30 acres cleared, and an excellent spring before the house.

No. 178—130 acres—To this tract belongs one third part of a Saw-Mill and has about 18 acres cleared.

No. 173—208¾ acres and allowance, on which is cleared about 16 acres. These three tracts lay contigious to each other, and have between 300 and 400 acres of first rate bottom land, and particularly calculated for grazing farms, and large dairies—it is well watered by Connequenessing and Brush creeks, besides small brooks and springs—with a good Mill seat on Brush creek, lying in a very thriving settlement, from 20 to 25 miles from two Iron works, and surrounded by 4 merchants mills, at the distance of 2 to 4 miles; it is about 5 miles and a half from Harmony, 9 miles from Beaver town, and 25 from Pittsburgh.—For further information, apply to Stephen Runyon, esq. near the premises or to Dr. James Agnew, in Pittsburgh, as that gentleman is perfectly acquainted with the above property, or to the subscriber.

ALSO

1150 acres of first rate upland, on Tobacco Stump creek, Armstrong county, from 21 to 24 miles from the Allegheny river: viz.

No. 450—containing 333 acres, with a good improvement on it.

No 891—400 acres, with two good improvements on it, with about 60 acres cleared.

No. 404—containing 469 acres, with two improvements on it, and a Tan-yard, lying on the waters of Cherry run. These lots are of an inferiour quality, and have the advantage of water conveyance, and would be valuable to proprietors residing on them.

ALSO

That beautiful situated FARM, called

Hamilton Hall,

10 miles from Pittsburgh, on the Monongahela river, containing 205 acres of land—of which there is about 140 acres of first rate river and creek bottom, with an excellent stream of water on which is erected a new Saw-Mill: it is deemed unnecessary to say any thing in praise of the property as it is well known to be one of the handsomest Farms in Allegheny county; and as it is presumed that persons wishing to purchase will take a minute survey of this property in every respect worthy the attention of monied men. No objection would be made to take in part pay, good property in Pittsburgh, Philadelphia or Baltimore, at a reasonable valuation. For further information apply to the proprietor at Hamilton Hall, Mifflin township Allegheny county, nearly opposite the mouth of Turtle creek.

CHARLES F. Von BONNHORST.

April 10, 1818.——tf

Bath House,

NEXT door to the Pittsburgh Steam Mill, is now in completeoperation.—Price of Bathing 25 cents.

July 3.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 14, 1818.

In the first number of "ANONYMOUS" two or three typographical errors have been overlooked. As our correspondent appears to be engaged in a duty as important as ever occupied the hands of Will Honeycomb or Sir Roger De Coverly, we agree to bear one half the blame of the errors; the other half he may impute to his forgetting to "nib" his pen a little oftener. He seems to have had as much trouble in search of the village of "Tittle Tattle" as Sir Walter Raleigh had after the famous country of El Dorado. We trust that Mr. Anonymous does not intend to insinuate that he has at length been successful, and attempt to locate his town any where near the junction of the Allegheny and Monongahela rivers. If we thought so for a moment, we should forthwith call to our assistance the whole of our fair readers, if any such ever condescend to honour our columns, in preference to the fourth canto of "Childe Harold;" with their assistance, we would raise such a "buzz" about his ears, that he would "rue the day" that the names of Gadabout and Rumour dropp'd from his lips. The famed Ulysses once escaped from the cave of Polyphemus "anonymously"; but the same trick shall not serve our correspondent, if he presumes to insinuate any thing about "Tittle Tattle" in the good city of Pittsburgh.

A Gentleman of talents and education has politely furnished us with a number of letters from Russia. As they were not intended for the public eye, but written with all the carlessness, that distinguishes mere *family correspondence*, it is not to be expected that a strict attention to style should be observed. But from the conspicuous stand which this great country has suddenly taken, every thing relating to it is interesting; the ideas of an American on the subject, are peculiarly so. The following extracts are made from *this correspondence*.

ORIGINAL LETTERS.

"I am now in Moscow for the purpose of learning the Russian language, (which let me observe by the way, is totally different from all the modern ones of Europe, and consequently very difficult to learn well.) but if I succeed in it as I hope to do, it will probably be the cause of, or at least a great inducement for, my staying long in this country. The advantages which the possession of the language promises, are surely great, and ought not to be thrown away, out of weakness or irresolution.

"It is very certain that, in a country where the language, manners, and every thing, are different from what they are in ours, I cannot be so happy as at home, yet, in a general way, I am very well contented, and I do not allow myself to forget that I came here not like a lord, in search of amusement, but like some of those curious fellows whose adventures we used to read of when children, "*to seek our fortune.*"

"And now, since I am in Moscow, I am sure you will expect me to say something to you concerning it, and much more than I am able to say. According to a book which has been some years since published here concerning it, this city is 11 versts or about 7¾ of our miles long, 7¼ versts or 5⅛ miles wide, and 40 versts or 26½ miles in circumference. It contains at present 273 churches, and 20 monastries and convents; the kremlin is constructed about the middle of the town, on an elevated spot, and was at one time the strong hold of the ancient monarchs: it was at first built with wood in the year 1300, and renewed with stone in the 15th century: the ground it encloses is considerable, and it contains 18 churches, 2 palaces, arsenals, &c. &c. all fine, and some of them magnificent buildings. It is well known to you that this was attempted to be destroyed by Bonaparte; in this however, owing to the failure of his principal mine, he but partially succeeded; immense breaches, it is true, were made in its walls, and several of the towers attached to them laid in ruins, with the arsenal, &c. one church only was overthrown, the steeple of which, (the highest in Moscow) remained quite unhurt. The largest bell then hanging in Moscow was in this steeple, which fell down at that time, and still lies upon the ground:—into this bell I have walked and stood upright with ease against the hook to which the clapper was fixed. This is said to be the second largest bell in the world, the first laying in a large hole in the Kremlin, where it fell many years ago, nearly covered with dirt, and will in a few years more be doubtless quite hidden; this one is said to weigh 432,000 lb. our weight.—In the Kremlin among other wonderful things is a cannon the weight of which is 2100 poods or 75,600 lbs.; this was never discharged but once which was on the coronation of the emperor Paul. Here too are to be seen *seven hundred and fifty-three* pieces of cannon which were taken from the starved and freezing French in the campaign of 1812. "Moscow though containing many magnificent edifices is aukwardly and irregularly built, presenting to the eye in the part of it which was preserved from the flames, and *in those again built up*, the prince's palace and the peasant's hut, at the same time. Unlike our cities in the very centre of it on the finest streets the most miserable buildings are to be seen, so that a person in Moscow can say with the strictest truth that he has almost constantly at the same time before his eyes the extremes of wealth and of poverty.—I am sensible that I am only repeating here what you have read perhaps in many books, but I flatter myself it will afford you some satisfaction to receive the same detail from me, inasmuch as you will feel confident that in reading it you are not reading a thing of falsehood made up by travellers to deceive the world.

"With regard to St. Petersburgh, I could never express to you the sensations with which I first entered that magnificent city. After having passed over *Sweden* and *Holland* where I saw nothing remarkable, but much filth and poverty, I was not prepared for such a sight. It were vain for me to attempt describing to you the thousand things I saw in it to delight me, and not at all useful. For me to enlarge upon the beauty of particular edifices, public works, &c. of which, without a long and laboured description, it would be impossible for you to have an idea:—suffice it to say, that the regularity, proportion, and scale of grandeur upon which every thing in it is executed, has given me a better idea of what is necessary to constitue a splendid city, than I had ever imagined, or (if I am to believe travellers) than those who have not been at St. Petersburgh, have ever seen."

From the Detroit Gazette.

In pursuance of the resolutions, passed at the council house in the city of Detroit, on the 22d day of June, 1818, the committee of arrangements proceeded to take measures to collect the remains of the American Officers and Soldiers who were massacred, as well as those who were killed in battle at the River Raisin on the 22d of January, 1813. The inhabitants at the River Raisin, in order to assist the committee appointed at Detroit, held a meeting and appointed Col. Anderson, Col. Navarre, and Mr, Wilson, a committee, who proceeded to collect the remains of such officers and soldiers as were lying in an exposed situation, or who had been slightly buried.—The remains of Capt. Simpson were the only ones that could be identified.

The citizens of the Territory of Michigan are invited to attend at the council house in the city of Detroit, on Saturday, the 8th day of August next, at 3 o'clock P. M. to attend the remains thence to the place of interment.—They will be buried with the honours of war; Maj. Marston of the 5th Infantry, (commanding officer at this post) having politely offered to furnish an escort for that purpose. SAMUEL T. DAVENPORT Esq. will deliver an oration on the occasion.

WILLIAM BROWN,
JOHN WHIPPLE,
A. G. WHITNEY,
ANTOINE DEQUINDER,
JAMES M'CLOSKY,
} *Committ.*

Detroit, July 29, 1818.

Col. JOHN E. WOOL arrived in this place from the northern posts on Saturday last. The troops at the northern posts and at this place are in a fine state of health. The Colonel departed for Brownsville New-York, last Monday.

The customs of Europe, says the New-York Advocate, are travelling rapidly towards this country. A crowd was attracted round a man near the Coffee House carrying on his back a neatly fitted urn, containing two divisions, one water and the other sherbert or lemonade with two pipes and cocks fitted under his arm, and with two silver tumblers: he was assisting to allay the thirst of the million. This is a *Lemonadier*, a character well known on the *Boulvards*, and *Pont Neuf* at Paris. Any thing that tends to deprecate the consumption of ardent spirits, should be encouraged.

Bost. Gaz.

A new paper has been issued from a town in the state of New-York, bearing the uncouth name of *Penn-Yan*; the word being coined to recognize and perpetuate the fact, that it was settled by *Penn*-sylvanians and *Yan*-kees. There is a respectable town in Pennsylvania, called *Wilkes-barre*, which, we learn was thus named in honour of the famous John WILKES, and of Col. BARRE, one of the most intrepid asserters of the rights of the American Colonies in the British Parliament. The above is one of the forty new papers, which have been established in the western part of the state of New-York, since the year 1813.

From the Boston Centinel, August 2.

INTERESTING FROM HAYTI.

It appears from an edict issued by Christophe, rom St. Marks, on the 19th of June last, and which has been translated for the Newburyport Herald that Christophe actually intends to attempt adding the part of Hayti, over which gen. Boyer presides, to his kingdom; notwithstanding the edict itself declares his sole object to be to unite the Haytians in one family without shedding Haytian blood, and to put an end to all dissentions.

This edict declares to be false the reports which had been spread, that his (Christophe's) visit through his kingdom, was to avail himself of circumstances, and to attack Port-au-Prince: but that his journey was to ascertain by his own observation, the situation of his people, the state of agriculture, to establish the reign of law, order, justice & improvement. He adds, that his stay at St. Marks was prolonged that he might be nearer to, and have a correspondence with the Haytians of the West and South, who, he says, may consider his troops on his borders as brothers and friends. He then calls upon the Haytians under Boyer, to declare themselves in favour of the reunion [*i. e. to become his subjects*] and promises security to persons and property; indemnity for past conduct; confirmation of all offices, civil and military: that honours and rewards shall be conferred on all who distinguish themselves in effecting the re-union; and directs his generals commanding on the frontier, to welcome all who seek their protection, and treat them with kindness & humanity, as brothers and fellow citizens.

Such is the substance of this extraordinary proclamation. It may mean much more than strikes the eye; and the measures taken by its author unquestionably gave rise to the information lately received from Jaquemel.—Though Christophe has always claimed to be the king of all Hayti, and his Registers contain the names of the officers appointed to administer the affairs of the province lately under Petion, now under Boyer, as particularly as in those provinces which acknowledge his sway; we doubt his intention to attack Port-au-Prince: unless indeed, he finds Boyer's seat to be insecure, as reported, and that the defences of it are weak. In this case, he would not hesitate to subjugate it, and the whole island.

From the Miltonian, July 25.

SERIOUS FOR THE PHILADELPHIANS.

We understand that the merchants in the county of Northumberland, have it in contemplation, to hold a meeting for the purpose of cutting off the trade to the city of Philadelphia, until the Milton bank paper will be received in *fair* exchange for goods, purchased in that city. It is ascertained, that goods can be purchased in Baltimore upon more liberal terms—and we believe the carriage is less. Surely this step should be taken by all merchants interested in this quarter of the country.

It is known to the editor, that this course originates, from the fair, honest, and independent policy adopted by the Milton bank. This bank has totally refused to pay from their counter, Philadelphia paper in exchange for their own—but liberally tender that which is more than equivalent—*specie*. It is the intention of the bank, as it is her policy, to make draws of all her Philadelphia funds *for specie*. While the Philadelphians pay out specie, they cannot manage matters, as to take us unawares. If *they* cease with these payments, *then* our bank will be obliged to cease too. What more can the Philadelphia banks do, than carry the specie back again?

DISASTER BY ICE.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 1.

Returned in distress, (being bound to Amsterdam) ship Chesapeake, captain Grosh. Extracts from his log book.—"June 16th, in lat. 52, long. 49, stiff breezes from S. W. and cloudy; about 16 minutes past meridian, the sun made his appearance for a short time, but soon came on a thick misty fog, so that no objects could be discerned more than twice or three times the length of the ship.—At half past two P. M. we ran aboard of an island of Ice not more than three hundred yards in length, which was not discovered until it appeared nearly above us; the helm was immediately put hard down, and being near the edge of its she struck about the length from its extremity, the first part touching was the jib boom, and then the bowsprit, both of which were carried away; her bows also came in contact with it, which carried away the figure head, the cat heads and stanchions on both sides as far as abreast the foremast, and leaving a considerable quantity of ice on board; before touching the ice the ship had come sheer off, and with the assistance of the jib boom and bowsprit, she took a broad sheer, and after touching once or twice with the larboard, fore and main yard arms, she shot ahead of it immediately; after which the foremast went by the board, carrying with it the main top mast, and then lodging in the the main top; being now a short distance to windward of the ice, the ship having no other sail set but the main sail, the mizen top sail being torn to pieces by the main top mast, and having no command of the ship, we again had strong fears of falling aboard of it a second time, but happily those fears were soon dispelled by seing the ship still forged ahead: the pumps in the mean time were sounded, and no less to our joy than surprise we still found a tight ship; all hands were now set to clearing the wreck and securing the main mast by getting preventer stays on it; by night got nearly all down and secured, excepting the foremast and fore topmast, which having carried away the main top and trussel trees, now rested on the yard.—Not thinking it prudent to attempt getting it down in the night, secured it to the mainmast head until morning. At 5, A. M. there being a heavy sea, and the ship rolling heavy in consequence of having little or no sail, carried away the quarter davids and lost the quarter boat. At half past 7, A. M. after getting the fore topmast on deck, in getting down the fore mast it gave way, and came part of the way by the run, until the tackles brought it up, the chief mate, Mr. UNTHANK, and two men in the top; in the fall of the mast the mate lost his hold and was thrown some distance from the ship—the wind blowing very fresh, a heavy sea running, no quarter boat, and the other boats so much lumbered that it was impossible to get them clear, & the ship being an unmanageable wreck, we were compelled to see our fellow creature go down without being able to render him any farther assistance than throwing overboard some small spars, which was immediately done.

CHARLESTON, July 23.

By the arrival of the smack *Driver*, in one day from St. Marys, we learn, that the privateer schooner, sunk in Jekyl Sound, has been raised by the U. S. gun boat No. 168.—It appears that she was fitted out at Savannah, a few months since, under one of M'Gregor's commissions; that among other prizes, she had captured a large Spanish ship, from Old Spain bound to Cuba, having on board 200 passengers, including women and children. These they had plundered of all their valuables and clothing, leaving many of the children nearly in a state of nakedness; when she was fallen in with by the Buenos Ayrean brig *San Martin*, Capt. Stafford, who took possession of the privateer, as a pirate, and retook the Spanish ship. The crew of the privateer were taken out, and a prize-master and crew put on board her; but in the course of the night, this crew rose upon and confined the prize-master, and shaped their course for the U. States.—Arrived off Jekyl Island, they landed what property there was on board the privateer together with some fire-arms, cut away her masts, and she drifted ashore in Jekyl Sound. It was the intention of these desperadoes when they landed, to have defended themselves on the island; but they thought better of it, when they heard that a detachment of U. S. seamen was coming against them, and decamped, leaving on the island about thirty muskets, but concealing or carrying off with them most of their ill-gotten plunder. It is supposed that they made for Savannah. From some circumstances which have transpired, this privateer is believed to be the same which robbed the schr. *Sight*, Capt. Sylva, of this port, as stated a few days since; and as her crew are in confinement on board the *San Martin*, whose commander threatened to have them hung as pirates, they may yet meet with their deserts, if brought into the United States.

From the Utica Patriot.

COMMUNICATION.

SPIRIT *preferred to the* WORD.—In the county of Madison, a few weeks since, the wife of a clergyman presented a poor woman with a *Bible*. The husband of the latter sold the bible for nine shillings, and spent the money for whiskey. He then called on a member of the Female Cent Society and begged another Bible, which he also sold. Not many days since he was known to ask another member of the same society to give him a Bible. One of his fellows, knowing his success, and coveting his good fortune in so easily obtaining the precious liquor, called on a member of the same society, and after frankly telling how generous the Society had been to his friend, and in great simplicity intimating that he should make the same use of the word of God, asked her to use her influence to obtain for him a Bible.

A Friend to the Society.

The following advertisement is copied *verbatim, et literatim, et punctuatim*, from the *Indiana Centinel*, printed at Vincennes. We republish it for the amusement of our readers.

Spirit of the Times.

Friends and Citizens.

Having served my country with patriotic valour and feeling, yet actuated with the warmest wishes for the prosperity and happiness of my fellow citizens, I feel it my duty to offer to them my services in the civil department.

I have fought for liberty and my country; I have arrested the tomahawk when raised against the innocent, and therefore since it is no longer in my power to direct our soldiers to fight, accept my friends of the humble offer of my talents for the office of assistant Judge.

Who is deserving of the civil office if the soldier bred to the art of war, and accomplished with every thing interesting to society is not; who has toiled with hunger, with cold and danger, to protect the rights of the republic.

JOHN M'BANE.

Vincennes, June 6th.

N. B. If any of my fellow citizens, should doubt of my talents, I will make a speech at the Court House, on the day of the Election.

Economical Receipt for preserving TEA, or using the same Tea Leaves a second time.

Preserve your Tea Leaves until you have a pound weight of them—then spread them out exposed to the heat of the sun, or gentle fire, until they have become perfectly dry and cripsy. Pound them in a mortar until they are converted into a fine powder. A tea spoonful of this powder in a rag, and put into a tea-pot, will make tea fully equal in quality, flavour and taste, to that produced by three teaspoonfuls of the leaves when first used.

MENTZ, June 3.

From the 29th April to the end of May, there have passed down the Rhine 294 emigrants, on their way to America, viz. 91 men, 59 women, and 145 children—261 were from Wirtemberg, 23 from Alsace, 7 from Switzerland, and 3 from Baden.—*Frankfort Gaz. June 5.*

*** "Columbia's Bold Yeomanry" published in our last, and "The Maniac's Song" which is inserted to day, we have placed under the head of "original" as they have been furnished us by the author, although they some time since appeared in the "Port Folio." These two songs are handsomely set to music, by Mr. Baker, musical teacher, of this city.

John H. Crane,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

LOUISVILLE, (Kentucky.)

WILL attend to business in his profession, in the County of Jefferson, and in the United States Circuit Court at Frankfort.

References. HENRY BALDWIN, Esq. WM. ROBINSON, Jr. } *Pittsburgh*

August 4, 1818. 6m.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, on the night of the 11th inst. HENRY COLLMAN, an apprentice to the Copper & Tin-plate business, between 17 and 18 years of age has a large red mark over his left eye, becomes much confused when spoken to—had on when he went away, a bottle green coatee, cotton pantaloons, fur hat half worn, with sundry other articles of cloathing not recollected. The above reward will be given on his being secured in any jail, so that I may get him again, and reasonable charges if brought home.

WILLIAM KEPNER.

Pittsburgh, August 14, 1818.——3

The editors of the Western Courier, Louisville and Western Sun, Vincennes, will please insert the above 3 times, and forward their accounts to this office.

James Riddle & Co.

IN MARKET BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH STREETS

HAVE just received a large supply of the following articles, which they offer for sale at the *lowest prices*, on accommodating terms; viz.

4 d. and other sized Cut Nails,
Russia Sheet Iron,
American single, double and treble ditto,
Socket Shovels, (steel'd) of a sup. quality,
Spades and Shovels,
Mouse-Hole ANVILS,
BOILER IRON,
Juniata Bar Iron—assorted.
English Crowly Steel.
ditto Blister ditto
ditto Shear ditto
German ditto
American Blister dittto
} WARRNTED GOOD AND GENUINE.

1-4, 3-8, 1-16, & 1-2 inch ROUND IRON, suitable for boat Builders and coppersmiths.

TANNER'S OIL BY THE BARREL,
LINSEED ditto ditto.

Mill Saws,

8 by 10 & 10-12 WINDOW GLASS,

ALSO,

500 *BOXES, FIRST QUALITY*

Tin Plate.

Three Dollars Reward.

STRAYED away from the subscriber, on the 14th inst. a small red and white COW, about four years old, with a white streak across her shoulders, a white spot in her forehead, her left ear cropt, white on her rump, a white spot under her chin, considerable white about the belly and legs, the lower part of her tail white. The said cow was purchased in the Pittsburgh market, sometime in May last. Whoever will find said cow and deliver her to the subscriber at the Arsenal near Pittsburgh, shall receive the above reward.

JOHN PENNY.

August 4, 1818.

Land For Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale, a Valuable Plantation on the waters of Montour's Run, Fayette township, Allegheny County, twelve miles from Pittsburgh, and near the great road leading from Pittsburgh to Steubenville, containing about 250 acres, with three good dwelling houses, and other out buildings, supplied with excellent springs of water, a bearing orchard, with a new tan-yard erected and doing business, two good sugar camps, about one hundred acres cleared and in good repair; there is also an excellent stream of water passes through it, and there is two sites on said premises, with sufficient fall for any kind of water works. About one third of said tract is calculated for timothy meadow. The whole will be sold together or separate as may suit the purchaser, and an indisputable title will be given—for terms apply to

THOMAS JEFFERY or
JAMES JORDAN
on the premises

August 4, 1818. ——3t

Twenty Five Packs, very fine
AMERICAN
Gold Leaf,

For sale by R. PATTERSON & LAMBDIN.

Who have continually on hand,

JOHNSTON'S Philadelphia Unchangable

Printing Ink,

By the Keg, at 65 cents per pound,

ALSO

Book-Binders Materials,

PRINTING PAPER

Different sizes and qualities—from Cap to Imperial, and from 5 to No. 1.

Pittsburgh, July 21, 1818.

BLANKS PRINTED AT THIS OFFICE

Original.

The Maniac's Song.

Gently flow ye swelling billows,
O'er my Edwin's ocean bed;
Soft the azure wave that pillows
On its breast, my lovers head;
The Syren's songs,
His sleep prolongs,
His bridal couch the sea-nymphs spread.

Softly breathe, ye sighing gales,
Lightly o'er his death-bed sweep:
Hark! the mermaid's song bewails,
See, around him Naiads weep;
They've made his grave,
In ocean's cave,
And there I'll to his bosom creep!

And see my Edwin spreads his arms,
And cries, "my Ellen haste thee here;
Here, sweet, shall cease fond love's alarms,
Can Ellen aught with Edwin fear?
Together blest,
We'll sweetly rest,
Oh haste my bride, my Ellen, dear."

With wilder'd gaze, and throbbing breast,
She sigh'd "my love to thee I go;"
Then eager to the wild cliff prest,
And plung'd into the flood below.
By Edwin's side,
Now sleeps his bride,
Releas'd from every earthly wo!

SYDNEY.

FROM THE OLIO OF A DESULTORY READER.

The audience of Lima enjoys extraordinary advantages in being free from tempests, thunder, lightning, snow, hail, and rain; but we have already observed that it is subject to earthquakes, which happen so frequently, that the inhabitants are under continual apprehensions of being buried in the ruins of their own houses: yet they are said to have their presages; one of the chief of which is a rumbling noise in the bowels of the earth about a minute before the shocks are felt, & seems to pervade all the adjacent subterraneous parts. This is followed by the howlings of dogs, who appear sensible of the approaching danger; and the very beasts of burthen, passing the streets, are observed to stop, and, by a natural instinct, to spread open their legs, the better to secure themselves from falling. These portents are no sooner observed, than the terrified inhabitants fly from their houses into the streets, with such precipitation, that, if it happens in the night, they appear quite naked, fear and the urgency of the danger banishing all sense of decency. This sudden concourse is accompanied with the cries of children, awakened from sleep, mingled with the lamentations of the women, whose agonising prayers to the saints increase the common fear and confusion; and, the men being also too much affected to restrain from giving vent to their terror, the whole city exhibits a dreadful scene of horror and consternation.

William & John Hill,

At their Wholesale Warehouse, in Market, near Front street,

HAVE just received in addition to their stock on hand the following

FRESH GOODS.

Imported to their order, direct from England.

Sup. dark undressed Prints,
Ditto, ditto, dressed Ditto,
4-4 & 6-4 Cambrics,
7-8 4-4 Shirtings,
Bombazetts of every colour,
3-4 & 4-4 Madrass Hhkfs.
Best blue and black cloth sewings,
Best silk twist assorted, colours
100 doz. Ivory Combs,
Pittsburgh, Ma 19 1818,——1awtf

The Copartnership of Bolton,

Encell & Co. is this day dissolved. The undersigned having made an assignment of their property, for the benefit of their creditors, to Mark Stackhouse, Charles Avery, George Sutton, and Samuel Pettigrew, and delivered into their hands the books of the firm, all persons who have demands will bring in their accounts, and those who are indebted are desired to make payment to the assignees, who are authorised to transact all business relative to the concern for

A. M. BOLTON,
J. P. SKELTON,
for George Luckey.

July 18, 1818.

Steam Engine Notice.

To those who are or may be concerned.

WHEREAS certain persons have industriously endeavoured to deceive the public, by an effort to impress the idea that Oliver Evans has abandoned his claim to the use of HIGH STEAM.

Therefore, this is to give notice, that all such reports or insinuations are groundless; that said Evans has already commenced suits against the makers of Steam Engines in this place or elsewhere; that he has ordered the subscriber to enter suits both against the makers and proprietors of Steam Engines now making here, and at other places and the public may be assured that suit will be entered for every Steam Engine separately, as soon as it shall have been put in operation.—Those who feel an interest to avoid infringement of said Evans's patent may be informed who the present *constructing* infringers are.

GEORGE EVANS.

Pittsburgh, July 24, 1818.

Notice.

THE subscribers having been appointed commissioners to receive subscriptions for stock in the "*Kentucky Ohio Canal Company*" for opening a Canal round the Falls of Ohio, give notice that books have been opened at the counting house of Richard Bowen & Co. where the charter of the company may be seen.

RICHD. BOWEN,
THOS. CROMWELL.

Pitsburgh, May 29. 2m.

Just Received & For Sale,

BY

Joseph Hill & Co.

DRUGGISTS,

Market, between Fourth Street and the Diamond,

500 rolls Brimstone
1 ball Sarsaparilla Root
1 do Liquorice Root
1 do Senna Leaves,
1 do Orange Peel
1 do Pink Root
2 do Juniper Berries
2 bbls. Chamomile flowers.
1 bbl. English Epsom Salts.
Bbls. Glauber Salts.
Ditto powdered Barks
Ditto Cream Tartar
Ditto Cinamon
Ditto Gentian Root
400 lb English blue Vitriol
2 bbls Venetian Red
30 kegs ditto ground in oil
1 case Gum Copal
Bbls Spanish Brown
Bbls Spanish Whiting
Verdegris by the sack
Oil Vitriol by the carboy
Blue Strewing Smalts
Irish Glue
Rosin
Copal Varnish,
1 case Magnesia
1 case Manna
1 case Camphor
3 dozen Apothecary Scales
12 doz Spatulas, assortd
12 doz. English Mustard, in ½ lb bottles
Orris Root
Oat-meal
Opium
Calomel
Cantharides
Barley, Rhubarb
Jalap, Ginger
Windsor Soap
Wedgewood, Marble & Composition MORTERS
Phials—assorted
Allum
Copperass
Indigo
Gales Logwood, etc.

WITH A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Drugs, Paints, Patent Medicine and Dye Stuffs.

all which, will be sold WHOLESALE and RETAIL on the most accommodating terms.

Pittsburgh, July 21, 1818. 1awtf

HENRY DOANE,

Water, between Market & Ferry streets

HAS FOR SALE,

50 kegs Kentucky manufactured Tabacco,
8000 lbs Pig Lead,
50 boxes Window Glass, 8 by 10 & 10 by 12
24 ditto Hollow Glass, assorted for country stores.
40 boxes Windsor Soap,
Boxes of Pipes,
Barrels country Sugar,
Half pipes London particular Teneriffe Wine,
Boxes and kegs Fresh Raisins,
Allspice, Pepper, Ginger, ground, Copperas, Indigo } IN KEGS,

STOVES, IRONMONGERY AND SHOT,

5 tons Juniata Bar Iron,

CASTINGS—assorted.

Valuable Property

IN THE DIAMOND.

I WILL sell the house in which I live: a credit will be given for a considerable part of the purchase money. Its situation is such that it needs no further recommendation. The house is well finished and a good pump in the back yard.

JOSEPH DAVIS.

Pittsburgh, May 16, 1818.——tf

Notice.

I HEREBY give notice to those whom it may concern, that a quantity of GOODS was brought by my waggoner, from Philadelphia, for a certain ROBERT SHAW, which are now stored at Rickers' tavern, in Wood street, sign of the waggon. If the carriage of the said Goods has not been paid, I hereby give notice, that unless the carriage on said Goods be paid in 15 days from this date, I will sell as many of said goods at the expiration of that time, as will pay the carriage, and other expences that have accrued.

ABRAHAM BRUGH.

Pittsburgh, July 21, 1818.

TO LET,

That Valuable Tavern Stand known by the

Maryland Inn,

in the City of Pittsburgh, and immediate possession given. Enquire of the subscriber on the premises.

JOSEPH BALL.

July 15, 1818. tf

A Most Valuable Estate,

FOR SALE.

THAT beautiful estate, commonly known by the name of MONTOURS' or LONG ISLAND, about five miles below Pittsburgh, in the Ohio river, containing in the whole 1,000 acres, is offered for sale. It is divided into three separate tracts, on each of which there are handsome improvements; the land is of the best quality, well timbered, and not subject to overflow. It is universally esteemed, both as to soil and situation, the finest property in the western country. The proprietors would prefer selling the whole in a body, but to suit purchasers, it may be divided into three tracts.

The terms may be known by applying to Major Isaac Craig on the premises, or to the subscriber, who is agent for the proprietors, at his office in Pittsburgh.

JAMES HALL,
Attorney at Law.

July 24, 1818.

☞ The editors of the Lancaster Journal, Berks and Schuylkill Journal, and Village Record, will insert the above 3 times, and forward their accounts to the office of the Pittsburgh Gazette for payment.

To Let,

THAT convenient HOUSE, in Wood street—now occupied by Armstrong and Ewing. Possession given the 1st of August next.

Enquire of Doctor P. Mowry, or the subscriber. PH. MOWRY.

Pittsburgh, July 24.

Take Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber are requested to make immediate payment, or their accounts will be put into the hands of a justice for collection. As I intend leaving this place those that have demands against me will call for the same.

PETER KINTNER.

Pittsburgh, 30th July, 1818.

For Sale,

A few barrels Whiskey, of a good quality.

Apply next door to the Pitttsburgh Steam Mill.

July 3.

WOOL.

A quantity of common Merino WOOL,

FOR SALE BY

BOSLER & CO.

Pittsburgh, July 1818.

LAND AGENCY.

THE Subscribers, under the firm of JESSE EMBREE & Co. have opened in Cincinnatt, (Ohio) an office for the purchase and sale of land, and of general land intelligence, in which they have taken measures to cincenter, not only all the district plots of United States' lands in the Western country, with a coisiderable part of the field notes, which describe the quality and soil, but such other topographical information as considerable personal observation, and an extensive correspondence have placed within their reach—They have also established agencies in the different sections of this country and consequently will be able to answer the enquiries and execute the orders of their patrons with the greatest possible dispatch.—As it is the intention of the proprietors to render this institution both permanent and useful, it is scarcely necessary to add, that no exertion shall be wanting on their part to merit the confidence and patronage of those who may wish to make use of their services in the line of their business.—They will transact on commission, or for a reasonable compensation, all kinds of negociation connected with the soil; such as purchasing of individuals or in the offices of the United States, paying taxes, &c. and will act as agents in all landed concerns. They keep a register, in which is entered for the perusal of enquirers, the description of all real property placed under their care for sale, and as they have now a great variety on hand, purchasers can have an extensive choice. Selecting and entering Congress Lands will constitute an important item in their business, and in this way they expect to be most useful to their friends at a distance. Letters addressed in the name of the firm, (post paid) to this place, will receive the most prompt attention.

☞ Reference, in Pittsburgh, to CROMWELL & DOBBIN, and JAMES ADAMS.

JESSE EMBREE,
M. T. WILLIAMS,
DAVID PEARCE.

Feb. 17, 1818——m6.

By Authority

OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Grand State Lottery,

SIXTH CLASS.

SCHEME.

10 Prizes	of	$10,000	is	$100,000
100	ditto	1000	is	100,000
1 Prize	of	50,000	is	50,000
1 Prize	of	20,000	is	20,000
4 Prizes	of	5,000	is	20,000
36	ditto	500	is	18,000
200	ditto	100	is	20,000
5000	ditto	40	is	200,000

5352 Prizes, 10648 Blanks } *Not two Blanks to a Prize.*

TO BE COMPLETED IN TEN DAYS DRAWING.

Whole Tickets $5 Dollars,

Halves 17 50 | Eighths 4 37½
Quarters 8 75 | Sixteenths, 2 18¾

FOR SALE AT

J. TOWNES'

Lottery & Exchange Office,

Corner of Third and Wood streets.

☞ Prize tickets and foreign bank notes received in payment.

Pittsburgh, July 3.

1000 Pieces Yellow Nankeens,

Just Received, and for sale, by

G. T. BEYER & Co.

Wood, between Third and Fourth streets.

Pittsburgh, July 21, 1818.

H. Bonnet and Rouaud,

Market, between Second and Third streets,

HAVE just received, and weekly receive a large assortment of

Domestic Chambray,

Stripes, Plaids, Sheeting, Ticking,
Canton Crape, Lace Shawls, Veil, Fine Thread-lace.

Linen and Cotton Damask Table Cloth,

And a good supplement to their usual stock of

CLOTH, CASSIMERES, CASSNETT, MOLESKIN, VELVET, BAIZE, FLANNELS,

Blankets, Bombazetts, Silk, Cotton and Worsted Hosiery, India Muslin, Silk, Imtation and English Shawls,

And a supplement to their usual assortment of

Silk of every kind for dress and bonnets,
Sewing silk cord and Chenills,
Silk, kid and Angola gloves,
Canton, Italian and French crapes,
Silk galoons and ribbonds of all sorts,
Scotch thread, cotton balls, and tapes,
Millinet, wires and trimmings,
Bandannas, flag and fringed handkerchiefs,
Pocket, Madrass, and other ditto,
Calicoes, Dimity and Ginghams,
Irish linnen, shirting and long cloth,
Domestic cotton, and shirting,
Silk, Marseilles and other vesting,
Thread, silk, cotton, and silver lace,
Lace veils and shawls,
Merino, velvet and lace redicule,
Suspenders, webbing and binding,
Pins, bell and plated buttons,
Beads of every sort, and pocket books,
An assortment of real gold JEWELRY,
A few dozen men and woman's Saddles,
Shot of every size,
Lead in pigs,
Best Spanish Cigars.

Which they will dispose of, on the most moderate terms, for Cash, or liberal credit for approved notes.

Pittsburgh, June 19, 1818.——tf

G. T. Beyer & Co.

In Wood, between Third and Fourth Streets,

Are constantly supplied with all kinds of

Groceries, Wines and Liquors.

and continue to pay the highest price for all kinds of FUR.

HATTERS FUR

or sale, as above.

Pittsburgh, June 1, 1818. 3m

Tickets Rising!

ON MONDAY the 10th August, the price of tickets in the Grand State Lottery will certainly be advanced to $8. Persons inclined to adventure ought to purchase IMMEDIATELY, in order to save the advance.

☞ The drawing will commence in September as a great proportion of the tickets are already disposed of.

***The First drawn number will be entitled to the handsome prize of

$10,000

And for each day's drawing there will be ☞ THIRTY FIVE ☜ valuable Prizes & no BLANKS to be drawn. Nothing can be gained by delay—therefore let all that intend to buy embrace the present opportunity always bearing in mind that

ALLEN'S

is the Lucky Office.

July 16, 1818.

Dr. Provines,

RESPECTFULLY informs the inhabitants of St. Clair township, and neighboring country, that he has commenced the practice of Medicine, Surgery and Midwifery, at the house of Mr. Patterson in the town of Birmingham, where he has on hand, and for sale, a general assortment of Drugs, Chymicals, &c. He hopes by punctual attendance and a faithful discharge of his duty, to merit the confidence of the public.

July 31, 1818.

☞ Medicine and advice given gratis to those who shall appear from satisfactory evidence unable to pay for them.

Grand State Lottery,

SIXTH CLASS.

SOLOMON ALLEN,

MANAGER.

10 Prizes of 10,000, and 100 of 1000,

EQUAL TO

$200,000

SCHEME.

10	Prizes	of	10,000	is 100,000
100	ditto	. . .	1,000	is 100,000
1	ditto	. . .	50,000	is 50,000
1	ditto	. .	20,000	is 20,000
4	ditto	. . .	5,000	is 20,000
36	ditto	. . . .	500	is 18,000
200	ditto	. . . .	100	is 20,000
5000	ditto	. . . .	40	is 200,000
5352	Prizes			
10648	Blanks			$528,000

Less than two Blanks to a prize.

Stationary Prizes.

First drawn Number,			1st day	$10,000
do.	do.	do.	2d do.	5,000
do.	do.	do.	3d do.	10,000
do.	do.	do.	4th do.	5,000
do.	do.	do.	5th do.	10,000
do.	do.	do.	6th do.	5,000
do.	do.	do,	7th do.	10,000
do.	do.	do.	8th do.	5,000
do.	do.	do.	9th do.	20,000
5 first drawn numbers 10th day, each				10,000
6th drawn number 10th day				50,000

COMMISSIONERS.

George Latimer,
Isaac Worrell,
Thomas Leiper,
John Connelly, and
Andrew Bayard, Esq.

One great advantage this Scheme has over others, is, that for the WHOLE of the drawing, tickets maybe held without any chance of losing, and affords a great chance to gain, as the whole of the Prizes will be drawn before a Blank appears.

The drawing will probably commence in September.

The Prizes only will be drawn in this Lottery.... consequently it will be completed in

TEN DAYS DRAWING.

All prizes payable Sixty days after the drawing, subject to 15 per cent discount.

Whole Tickets $35 | Halves $17 50 | Quarters $8 75 | Eights $4 50 | Sixteenths $2 25.

FOR SALE AT

ALLENS'

LUCKY LOTTERY OFFICE,

Corner of Market and Front streets, Pittsburgh

I. DOANE,

Wholesale and retail Warehouse on the bank near Wood street,

KEEPS constantly on hand at reasonable prices. A large assortment of
Ironmongery, Hardware, Cutlery,
Grocery and Liquors.

Among which are,

Mouse-hole Anvils,
Smiths black and bright Vices,
Saws of every description,
All kinds of steel, &c. &.

Merchandize received and forwarded, bough and sold on reasonable commission.

May, 19, 1818——1awtf

William W. Howell, & Co

No. 167, MARKET STREET, PHIADELPHIA

Have just received by the ships Jane and Indo from Liverpool,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Hardware & Cutlery,

which they offer for sale for *Cash* or on liberal credit

Philadelphia, March 12, 1818.——2awtf

Geo. Miltenberger,

HAS for sale at his store in Front street, next door to the Post office a quantity of

STILLS

OF DIFFERENT SIZES,

Copper, Wash, and Stew Kettles,
Brash, Wash, and Stew Kettles,
Bell metal Wash, and Stew Kettles,
Sheet Brass and Sheet Copper,
Sheet Iron and Spelter Solder,
Block Tin,
Tin Plate by the box,
Still Cocks and Rivits,
Gun and Rifle mountings
Bells of all sizes and kinds.

An assortment of

Tin Ware.

Castings made in Brass of every description.

An assortment of Copper Tea Kettles,

COPPER AND SHEET IRON WORK

made of all descriptions, at the shortest notice.

Any of the above articles sold on the lowest and most accommodating terms.

N. B. FOR SALE a good two horse WAGGON.

Stray Mare.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber living in Moon township, Montours' bottom, about the 15th inst. a black MARE, 13 or 14 years old, with a star in her forehead, the pastern joint of the near hind foot larger than the other, occasioned perhaps, by being hurt, no other marks perceptible. The owner can have her again by proving property and paying charges.

JAMES MCABE.

June 30.

FOR SALE BY

Armstrong & Ewing.

At their Wholesale Grocery Store

Wood street, between First and Second.

Gunpowder, Imperial, Young Hyson & Hyson Skin } Teas of the first quality & latest importations.
First & Second quality Green Coffee,
Loaf, Lump, and Brown Sugar,
Chocolate,
Spanish Indigo,
Madder, Copperas, Allum,
Rice & ground Ginger,
Pepper, Alspice,
Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamon,
Box Raisins, best muscatell,
Keg best Brimstone,
Spanish Cigars,
Kentucky Tobacco,
Figs in Drums,
Best Sallad Oil,
Fresh Lemons,
Soft shel'd Almonds,
Mustard, Starch,
Sugar Candy, Rice, &c.
L. P. Madeira, do. Teneriffe, Sherry, & Port } Wines of first quality.
Cog. Brandy, 4th proof
Jamaica Spirits, do.
Holland Gin,
Whiskey.

With a general assortment of articles in the above line, which will be disposed of on the lowest terms for cash or approved acceptances.

For Sale,

Four Hundred Acres of Military Land,

SITUATED in Tuscawaras County, Ohio, within a mile of the new laid off town LAWRENSVILLE, on the Tuscarawas branch of the Muskingum river, about 12 miles south of Canton, and the same distance from New Philadelphia.

The above property will be found well worth the attention of persons wishing to purchase VALUABLE lands in this country; and for a faithful description of the same, given by a disinterested person, they are requested to apply to the printer of the Steubenville Gazette who will also make known the terms.

June 6, 1818.

The Pittsburgh Gazette, and the Canton Repository, will each insert the above once a week three times, and send their accounts for collection.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of the late Doctor *Nathaniel Bedford,* deceased, are requested to make immediate payment to Mr. James Patterson, of Birmingham, or Doctor Peter Mowry, of Pittsburgh; and all those having demands against said estate, will present them without delay, properly attested, to either of the subscribers.

MARY BEDFORD, Executrix.
PETER MOWRY, } Execrs.
JAMES PATTERSON, }

May 20, 1818. tf

Valuable Real Estate and Ground Rents for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale, on reasonable terms, the following very valuable real estate and ground rents in the city of Pittsburgh, to wit:

One Lot, situate at the corner of Ferry and Water streets, containing 35 feet front on Water street and the Monongahela river, and 98 feet on Ferry street, now in the possession of Mr. Terrence Cotter, and occupied as a grocery and liquor store, and rented at 450 dollars per annum.

Also, one lot situated on the west side of Market street, between First and Second streets, containing 23 feet front on Market street by 70 feet deep, at present unoccupied—formerly occupied as a saddler's shop— for which business or for a dry goods store, it is one of the best stands in the city.

Also—ground rent to the amount of two thousand dollars per annum, secured upon real estate on which is erected permanent brick buildings in some of the most conspicuous parts of the city.

The terms upon which this property will be disposed of are of the most advantageous kind—A very small portion of the purchase money will be required in hand—and the balance may be paid, either in annual instalments, with interest, or in such portions as may be convenient to the purchaser, payment being secured by mortgage or judgement—it being the object of the subscriber to give a long credit.

Application may be made to Walter Forward, Esq. at his office in the Diamond, or to the subscriber in Pitt township, on the turnpike road three miles from Pittsburgh, who will describe the property and make known the terms of sale.

WILLIAM HAMILTON.

May 16, 1818.——tf